ACORD® AUTOMOBILE L						LOSS NOTICE							DATE (MM/DD/YYYY)				
AGENCY								INSURED LO	OCATION C	ODE		DATE	OF LOSS	AND TIN	1E		AM
								CARRIER	₹						NAIC	CODE	PM
								POLICY NUM	MBER								
CONTAC	Г																
PHONE	F1\-							LINE OF BU	SINESS								
(A/C, No,								1									
(A/C, No): E-MAIL																	
ADDRES:	<b>&gt;</b> :			SUBCO	DE.			1									
	OUOTOME	n in		ЗОВСО	IDE.			1									
INSUR	CUSTOME FD	K ID:															
		(First, Middle	Last)					INSURED'S	MAILING A	DDRES	is						
		(1,															
DAT	DATE OF BIRTH FEIN (if applicable) MARITAL STATUS / CIVIL UNION (if applicable)					ATUS / applicable)											
PRIMARY PHONE #					CELL	PRIMARY E-	MAIL ADD	RESS:									
			1					SECONDAR	Y E-MAIL A	ADDRES	SS:						
CONT			CONTACT IN	SURED													
NAME OF	CONTACT	(First, Middle	e, Last)					CONTACT'S	MAILING	ADDRES	SS						
PRIMARY HOME BUS CELL SECONDARY HOME BUS CELL PHONE #						-											
WHEN TO	CONTAC	Г						PRIMARY E-	MAIL ADD	RESS:							
								SECONDAR			SS:						
LOSS																	
LOCATIO	N OF LOS	3								POLIC	CE OR FIRE DEPART	MENT CONTAC	CTED				
STREET:																	
CITY, STA	ATE, ZIP:									REPO	ORT NUMBER						
COUNTR	Y:																
DESCRIB	E LOCATION	ON OF LOSS I	F NOT AT SPEC	IFIC STRE	EET ADDRE	SS:											
			ORD 101, Additi	onai kem	arks sched	lule, may be attache	ea if more sp	ace is required									
VEH#	ED VEH						BODY						PI ATE	NUMBE	:R	STA	TF
V 2.11 #	I LAIN	MAKE:					TYPE:						LAIL			0.7.	-
OWNER'S	S NAME AN	MODEL: D ADDRESS	(Check	if same a	s insured)		V.I.N.:	PRIMARY PHONE #	□ но	ME 🗌	BUS CELL	SECONDARY PHONE #	☐ HOM	IE 🗌 E	BUS [	] CEI	_L
								PRIMARY E-	MAII ADD	RFSS:							
								SECONDAR			SS:						
DRIVER'S NAME AND ADDRESS (Check if same as owner)						PRIMARY PHONE #			BUS CELL	SECONDARY PHONE #	☐ HOM	IE 🗌 E	BUS [	] CEI	.L		
								PRIMARY E-	MAIL ADD	RESS:							
			_					SECONDAR	Y E-MAIL A	ADDRES	SS:						
RELATION TO INSURED (Employee, family, etc.)  DATE OF BIRTH DRIVER'S LICENSE NUMBER				R		;	STATE	PURPOSE OF USE			PE	USED	WITH ON? (	Y/N)			
DESCRIB	E DAMAGI	Ē															
1. WAS	A STANI	DARD CHILE	PASSENGE	R REST	RAINT SY	STEM (CHILD SE	EAT) INSTA	LLED IN TH	E VEHICL	E AT	THE TIME OF THE	ACCIDENT?	?		Y/N		
2. WAS	THE CH	LD PASSEN	IGER RESTRA	AINT SY	STEM (CH	IILD SEAT) IN US	SE BY A CH	IILD DURING	3 THE TIM	ME OF	THE ACCIDENT?				Y/N		
3. DID	THE CHIL	D PASSEN	SER RESTRA	INT SYS	TEM (CH	LD SEAT) SUST	AIN A LOS	S AT THE TIME	ME OF TH	IE ACC	CIDENT?				Y/N		
ESTIMAT	E AMOUN	:	WHERE CA	AN VEHIC	LE BE SEE	N?:					WHEN CAN VEHIC	E BE SEEN?:					
OTHER IN	ISURANCE	ON VEHICLE	- CARRIER:								POLICY NUMBER:						

ACORD 2 (2016/10)

OTHER VEHICLE / PROPERTY DAMAGED NON - VEHICLE?																				
VEH#	VEH# YEAR MAKE: BODY TYPE:																BER	STATE		
MODEL: V.I.N.:																INIOO OVAIN				
DESCRIBI	= PROPER	TY (Other Thar	n ven	nicle)														THEK VE	H/PROP	INS? (Y/N)
CARRIER OR AGENCY NAME NAIC CODE					POLICY NU	IMBER														
OWNER'S NAME AND ADDRESS							PRIMARY PHONE #	PRIMARY HOME BUS CELL SECONDAPHONE#								BUS [	CELL			
										PRIMARY E	E-MAIL ADDRES	S:								
DDIVEDIO			_	T (0	N I - 16					SECONDARY E-MAIL ADDRESS:    PRIMARY										7.0511
DRIVER S	NAME AND	O ADDRESS		(C	neck if Sa	ame as ow	mer)			PRIMARY HOME BUS CELL SECONDARY HOME BUS PHONE #										
										PRIMARY E	-MAIL ADDRES	S:								
DESCRIBI	EDAMACE		—	—						SECONDAI	RY E-MAIL ADDI	RESS:								
DESCRIBE DAMAGE																				
ESTIMATE AMOUNT WHERE CAN DAMAGE BE SEEN?																				
INJURE	ĒD																			
			N.	AME 8	& ADDRE	ss			$\perp$	PHONE	(A/C, No)	PED	INS VEH	OTH VEH	AGE		EXT	TENT OF	INJURY	
WITNE	98E8 0	D DASSE	NGE	EDS																
WITNESSES OR PASSENGERS  NAME & ADDRESS									PHONE	(A/C, No)	INS	OTH VEH			ОТ	THER (S	Specify)			
										(140,110)							<u>,peey</u>			
REPORTED BY						REPORTE	то													
KEWA	cks (AC	<u>.0KD 101,</u>	Ado	and	onai Ke	emarks	Scheaule	e, may be	attach	<u>ea ir more</u>	space is re	quirec	1)							

**Applicable in Alabama:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution, fines, or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

**Applicable in Alaska:** A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

**Applicable in Arizona:** For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

**Applicable in Arkansas:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**Applicable in California:** For your protection California law requires the following to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

**Applicable in Colorado:** It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable for insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

**Applicable in Delaware:** Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

**Applicable in the District of Columbia:** WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

**Applicable in Florida:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

**Applicable in Hawaii:** Any person who intentionally or knowingly misrepresents or conceals material facts, opinions, intention, or law to obtain or attempt to obtain coverage, benefits, recovery, or compensation commits the offense of insurance fraud which is a crime punishable by fines or imprisonment or both.

**Applicable in Idaho:** Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

**Applicable in Indiana:** A person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

**Applicable in Kansas:** Any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud, presents, causes to be presented or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by an insurer, purported insurer, broker or any agent thereof, any written, electronic, electronic impulse, facsimile, magnetic, oral, or telephonic communication or statement as part of, or in support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of an insurance policy for personal or commercial insurance, or a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy for commercial or personal insurance which such person knows to contain materially false information concerning any fact material thereto; or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act.

**Applicable in Kentucky:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

**Applicable in Louisiana:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**Applicable in Maine:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or denial of insurance benefits.

**Applicable in Maryland:** Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**Applicable in Michigan:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Applicable in Minnesota: A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

AGENCY	CUSTOMER ID:	
AGENCI	COSTONER ID:	

**Applicable in Nevada:** Pursuant to NRS 686A.291, any person who knowingly and willfully files a statement of claim that contains any false, incomplete or misleading information concerning a material fact is guilty of a category D felony.

**Applicable in New Hampshire:** Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud as provided in RSA 638:20.

**Applicable in New Jersey:** Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

**Applicable in New Mexico:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

**Applicable in New York:** Any person who knowingly makes or knowingly assists, abets, solicits or conspires with another to make a false report of the theft, destruction, damage or conversion of any motor vehicle to a law enforcement agency, the department of motor vehicles or an insurance company, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the value of the subject motor vehicle or stated claim for each violation.

**Applicable in Ohio:** Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

**Applicable in Oklahoma:** WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

**Applicable in Oregon:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud or solicit another to defraud the insurer by submitting an application containing a false statement as to any material fact may be violating state law.

**Applicable in Pennsylvania:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure or defraud any insurer files an application or claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information shall, upon conviction, be subject to imprisonment for up to seven years and the payment of a fine of up to \$15,000.

**Applicable in Puerto Rico:** Any person who knowingly and with the intention of defrauding presents false information in an insurance application, or presents, helps, or causes the presentation of a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or any other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, shall incur a felony and, upon conviction, shall be sanctioned for each violation by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or a fixed term of imprisonment for three (3) years, or both penalties. Should aggravating circumstances [be] present, the penalty thus established may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years, if extenuating circumstances are present, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.

**Applicable in Rhode Island:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**Applicable in Tennessee:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

**Applicable in Texas:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

**Applicable in Virginia:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

**Applicable in Washington:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

**Applicable in West Virginia:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.